

Simulation-assisted optimisation of wind turbines

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- About Windrad
- Structural dynamics and impacts on wind turbines
- The virtual prototype
- Special topics:
 - Tower optimization software
 - Extreme loads with Gumbelwind
 - More realistic wind field
 - Observer method for condition monitoring

Windrad Engineering GmbH

Engineering consultant for wind industry

Founded : 2002

Working fields

Development of wind turbines

Measurements

Software Development

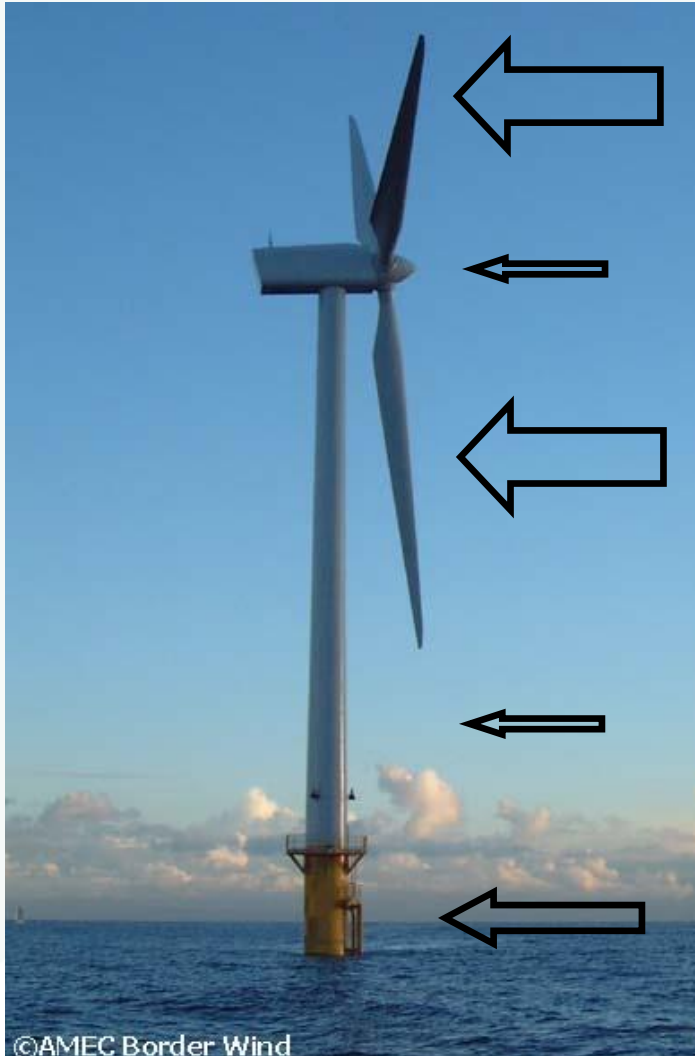
Training

More than 300 projects for
manufacturers, suppliers,
consultants, certifiers,
project developers

About Windrad



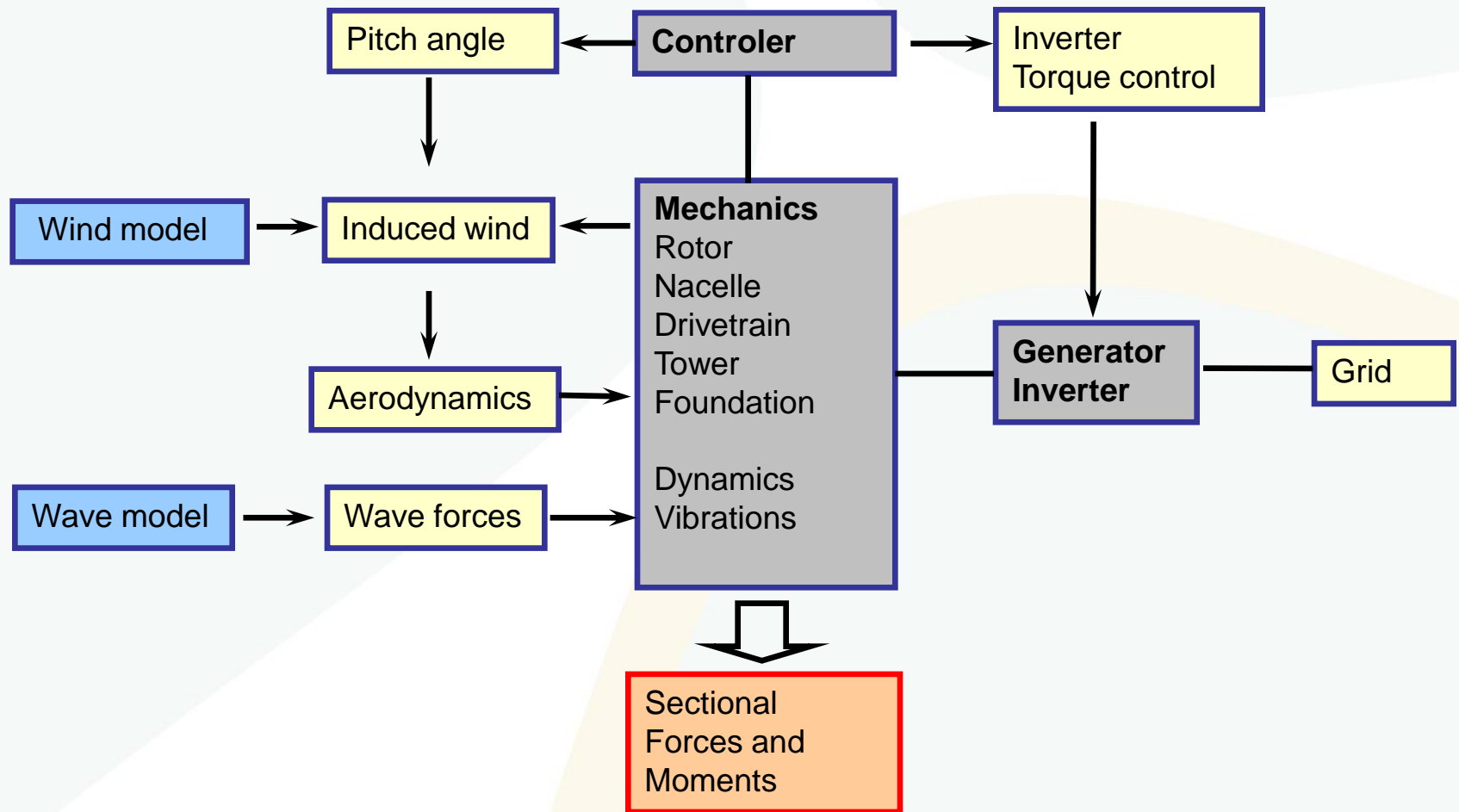


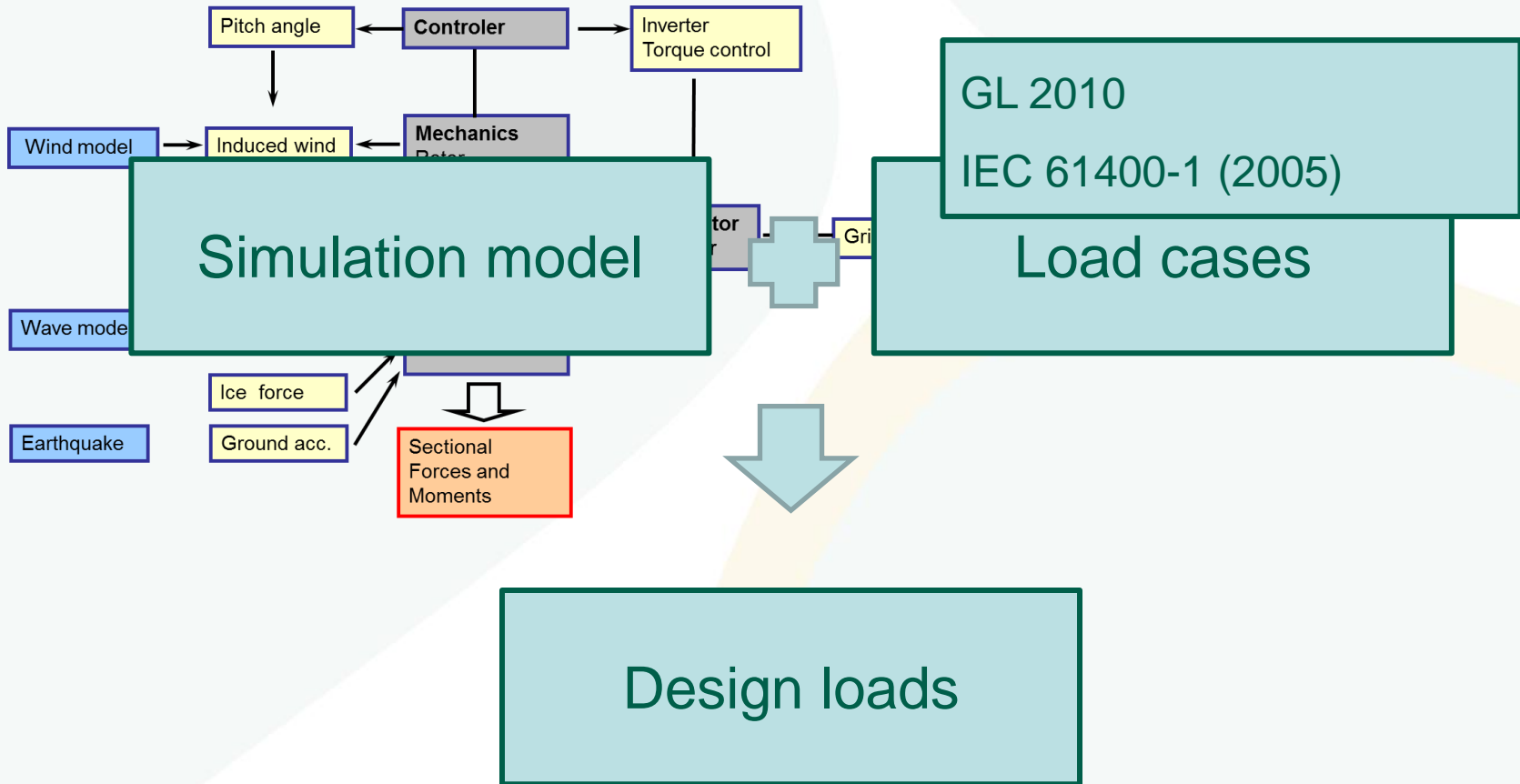


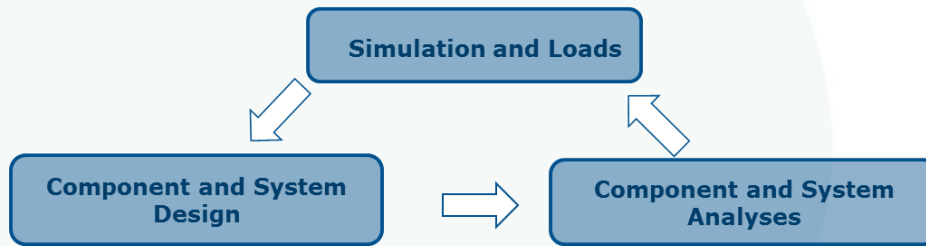
Vibrations excited by

- Wind, turbulence
- Waves, ice
- Earthquakes

Simulation model scheme







Components
Blades
Hub
Machine frame
Tower
...

Systems
Pitch system
Yaw system
Cooling
Heating
...

Many iterations

Lower loads



Lower mass and costs



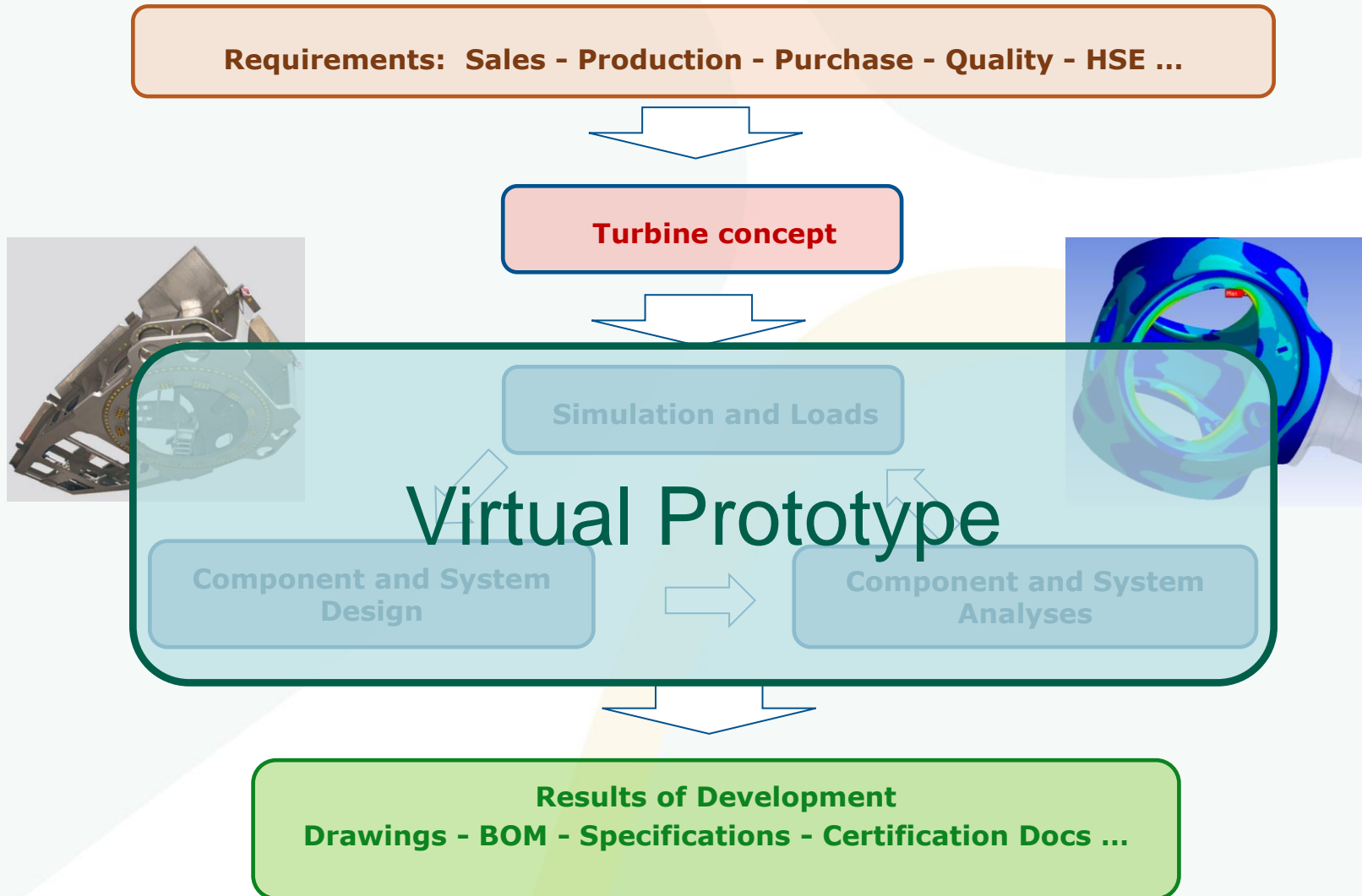
Higher energy production



Lower cost of energy

Fast simulation tools by Windrad

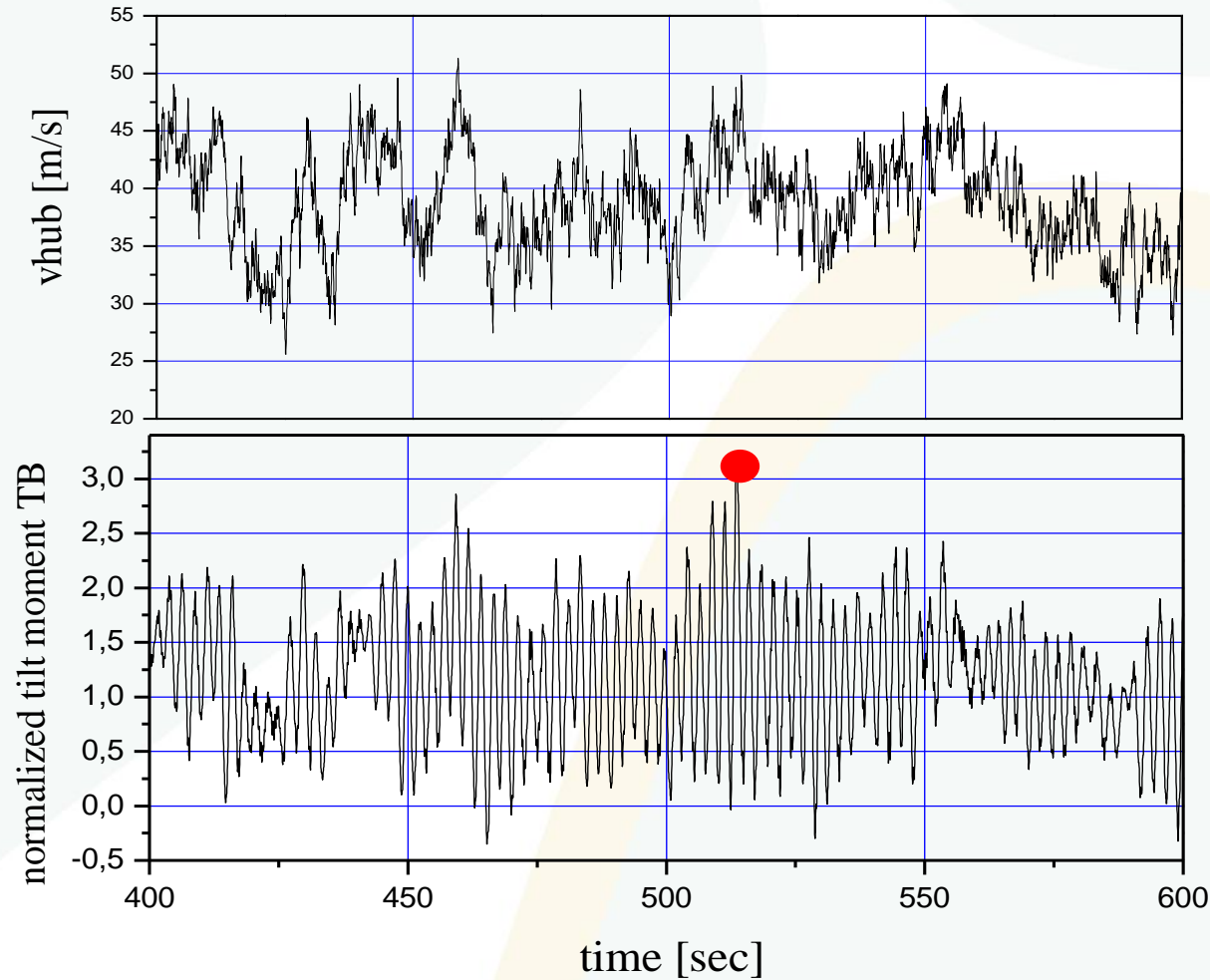
- Wind field
- Simulation model SiWEC
- Tower and offshore foundation tool
- Extreme load evaluation
- Node2damage



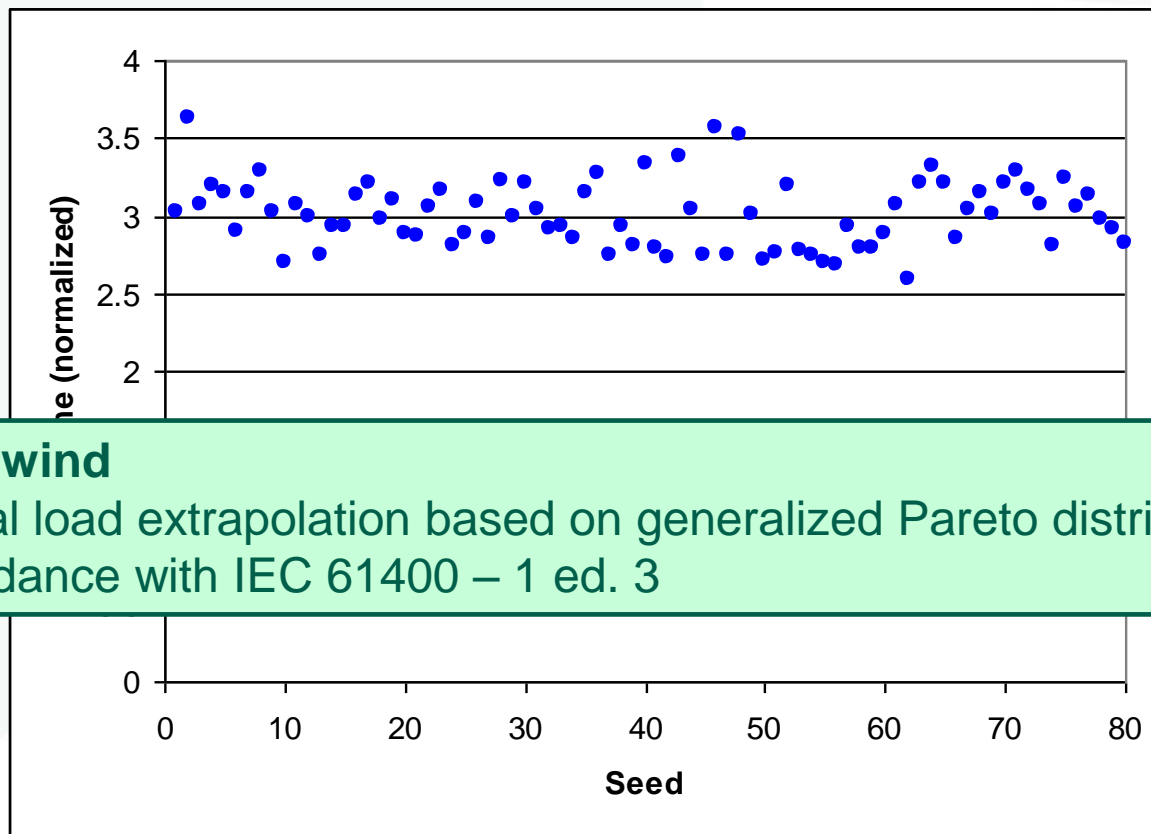


- quick design of tubular steel structures (e.g. tubular tower, monopile) based on given load data (extreme, fatigue loads)
- optimized wall thicknesses of shells, flanges and bolt connection
- tunable to 1st and 2nd Eigenfrequency (stiff or soft tower layout)
 - Tower: including foundation-stiffness
 - Monopile: including structure-soil interaction
- Including proof against brittle and lamellar fracture, vortex induced vibrations

Extreme loads often design drivers



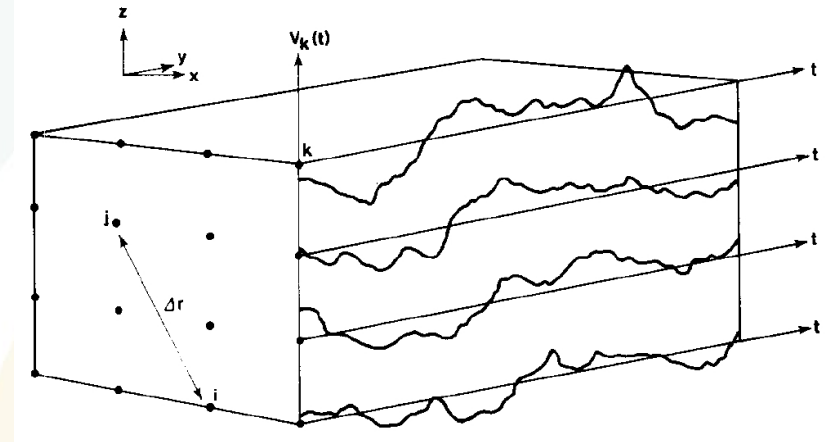
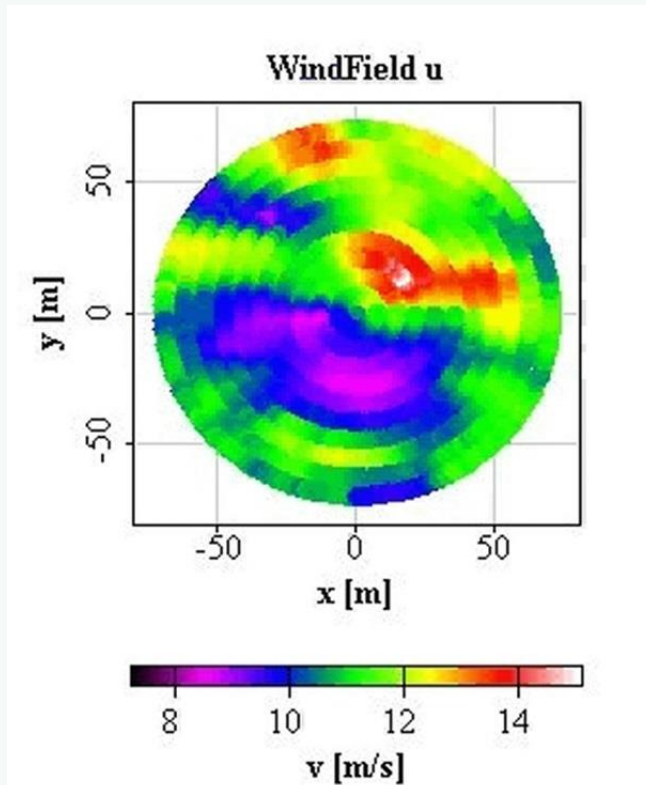
Extreme values from 80 time series (10 minutes)



Gumbelwind

statistical load extrapolation based on generalized Pareto distributions in accordance with IEC 61400 – 1 ed. 3

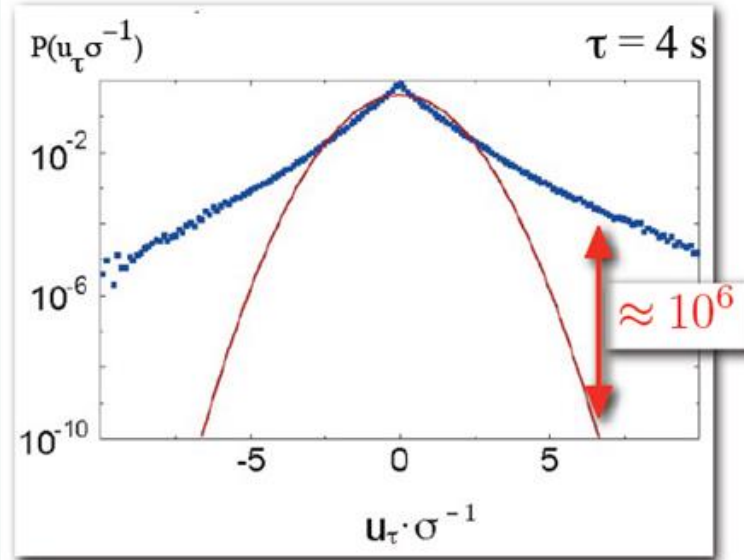
- Due to surface influence wind is turbulent
- Spatio-temporal correlations important for loading of wind turbines



Together with Forwind (Prof. Peinke, Univ. Oldenburg)

Probability of change of wind speed after time τ – *information on gusts*

$$u_\tau = u(t + \tau) - u(t)$$

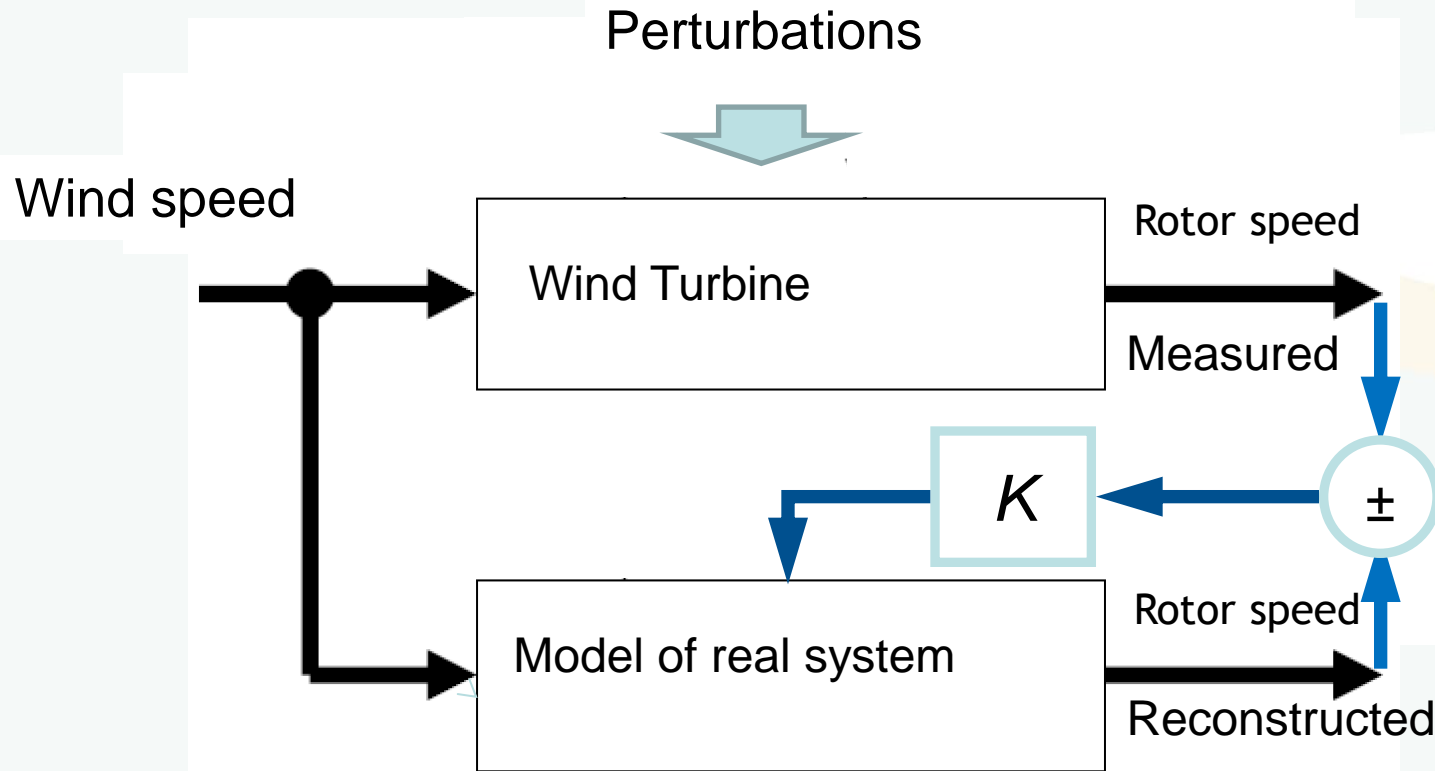


Red curve given by Kaimal model, required by Standards

Blue dots from atmospheric data

New method to generate time series
With correct statistics based on results of turbulence theory

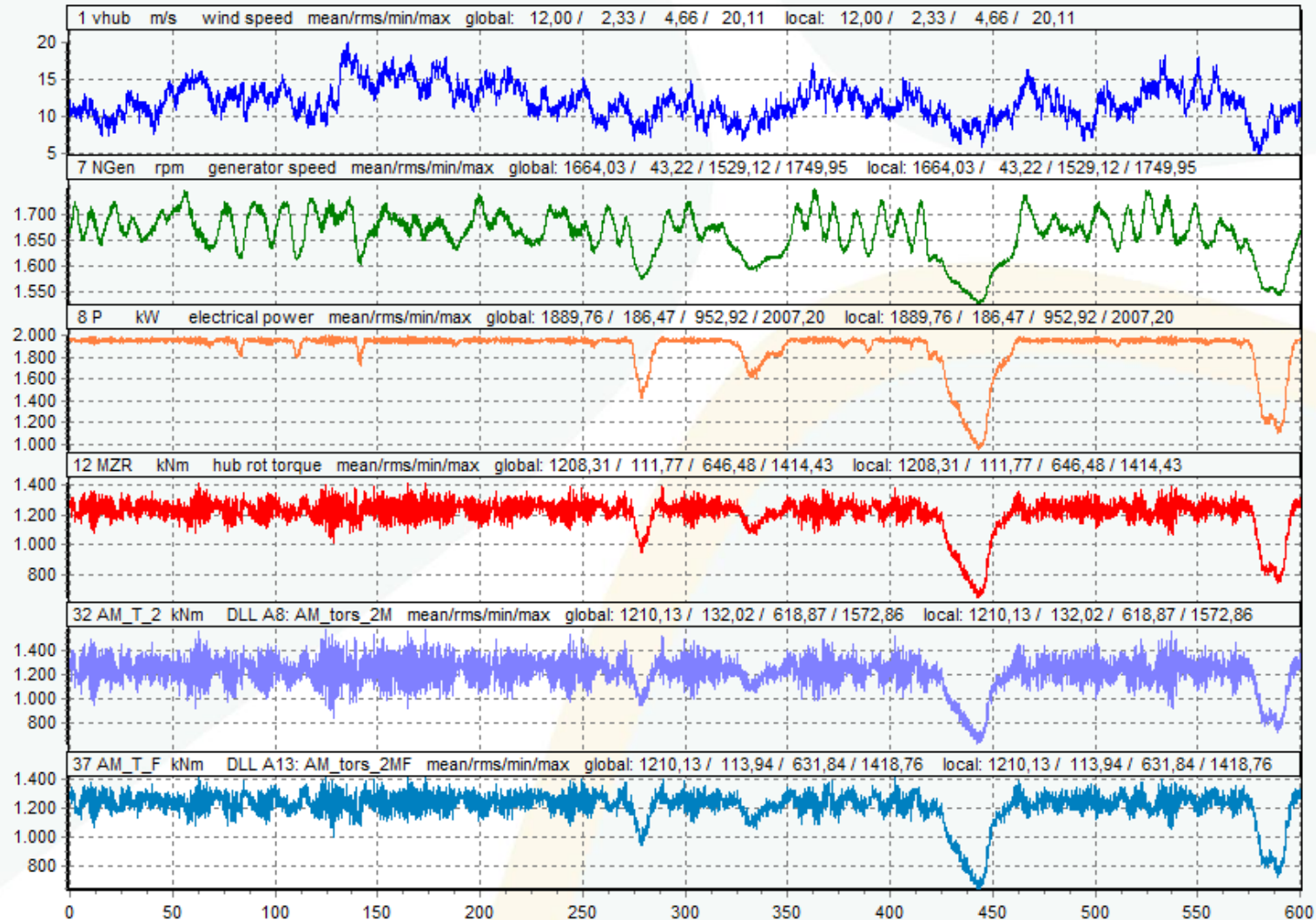
Kleinhans D, Friedrich R. Simulation of intermittent wind fields: A new approach. *DEWEK 2006 Proceedings*, Bremen, Germany, 2006.



„Observation“ of torque in drive train

Special topics: CMS by observer

11.1f1NTM_Production_12msec





Thanks for your attention!